

GCSE MARKING SCHEME

SUMMER 2018

GCSE (NEW)
MATHEMATICS – UNIT 2 (FOUNDATION TIER)
3300U20-1

INTRODUCTION

This marking scheme was used by WJEC for the 2018 examination. It was finalised after detailed discussion at examiners' conferences by all the examiners involved in the assessment. The conference was held shortly after the paper was taken so that reference could be made to the full range of candidates' responses, with photocopied scripts forming the basis of discussion. The aim of the conference was to ensure that the marking scheme was interpreted and applied in the same way by all examiners.

It is hoped that this information will be of assistance to centres but it is recognised at the same time that, without the benefit of participation in the examiners' conference, teachers may have different views on certain matters of detail or interpretation.

WJEC regrets that it cannot enter into any discussion or correspondence about this marking scheme.

WJEC GCSE MATHEMATICS (NEW)

SUMMER 2018 MARK SCHEME

GCSE Mathematics	Mark	Comments
Unit 2: Foundation Tier Summer 2018	D.4	
1. 4.15	B1	Condone spurious units.
4.67	B1	
3.22	B1	
2.(a) 2450	B1 B1	
2.(b) 9 999	B1	
3. $(£)35 \div (£)2.8(0)$	M1	M4 A0 for a final anguer of 42 F
12 (books)	A1	M1 A0 for a final answer of 12.5.
Organisation and Communication.	OC1	For OC1, candidates will be expected to:
Accuracy of writing.	W1	For W1, candidates will be expected to:
4.(a)	B1	
4.(b)	B1	
4.(c)	_	
	B1	
Square numbers 1 2 4 3 5	B2	B2 for all fully correct Award B1 for 3 or 4 correct Any duplicates are marked as incorrect.

6 (a)(i)	Add 5 (to the previous term)	B1	Accept +5, goes up in 5.
	Multiply (the previous term) by 2	B1	Accept ×2, times 2, double.
6.(b)	1(.0)	B1	, 1000pt (12, 111100 2, 1000)
7.(a)	6.76 or equivalent	B1	Accept $6\frac{19}{25}$ and $\frac{169}{25}$. Ignore <u>subsequent</u> rounding.
7.(b)	4.6 or equivalent	B1	Accept 4 $\frac{3}{5}$ and $\frac{23}{5}$. Ignore <u>subsequent</u> rounding.
8.(a)	180 (°)	B1	Check diagram. Answer line takes precedence.
8.(b)	(y=) 180 - 29 - 96 or 360 - 180 - 29 - 96 = 55 (°)	M1 A1	FT their 180 from (a) C.A.O.
9.	= 55 (°) (17 – 3) = 14	B1	Accept embedded (unsupported) answers e.g. $14 + 3 = 17$ $2.8 \times 5 = 14$.
	$(14 \div 5) = 2.8$	B1	FT their derived 14.
			Accept $\frac{14}{5}$ or 2 $\frac{4}{5}$ or equivalent.
			To be awarded the second B mark, candidates must provide their exact (unrounded) answer.
10.(a)	4 × 134 or equivalent	M1	M1 for 134 – (134 ÷ 5)
	= 107.2 or $107^{-1}/_{5}$ ISW	A1	M1 A0 for 536÷5
10.(b)	$0.3(0) \times 275$ or equivalent = 82.5 ISW	M1 A1	
			Award SC1 for an unsupported answer of 82 or 83.
11.	2, 5, 7, 7 in any order.	В3	B2 for satisfying 2 of the 3 conditions
			B1 for satisfying 1 of the 3 conditions
			Conditions to check:
			Mode 7, Range 5, Median 6 There must be 4 numbers written otherwise B0.
12.(a)	28	B1	Mark final answer.
12:(0.)			Allow embedded answer.
			B1 for $28/4$ or $28/4 = 7$ with <u>no</u> further work.
			B0 for 28/4 followed by 'x ≠ 28'.
12.(b)	4f + 3g	B2	Must be in an expression for B2.
			B1 for sight of (+)4f OR B1 for sight of (+)3g.
40 ()	5 4 0 2 24 2	N 4 4	Mark final answer.
12.(c)	$5 \times 4 + 2q = 24.6$ or equivalent.	M1	Implies M4
	2q = 4.6	A1 A1	Implies M1. FT only from 2q = k.
	(q =) 2.3	A1	Mark final answer.
			Allow 3 marks for embedded answer BUT
			Only two marks if contradicted by 'q \neq 2·3'.
			If no marks gained,
			allow SC1 for sight of 20 (not 20p) from 5x4 OR
		<u> </u>	allow SC1 for q = 22·3
13.(a)	Two dots placed at suitable points to	B1	Mark correct intention.
40 (b)	ensure rotational order 2.	D4	B0 if extra dots offered.
13.(b)	Three dots placed at suitable points to ensure rotational order 3.	B1	Mark correct intention. B0 if extra dots offered.
13.(c)	\triangleleft	B1	
	\triangleleft		

14.(a) (Summer Cottage Train)		
Summer Cottage Bus Summer Cottage Car Summer Hotel Train Summer Hotel Bus Summer Hotel Car Winter Cottage Train Winter Cottage Bus Winter Cottage Car Winter Hotel Train Winter Hotel Bus Winter Hotel Bus Winter Hotel Car	В3	For all other 11 different combinations. Ignore repeats. B2 for 8, 9 or 10 other different combinations. B1 for 5, 6 or 7 other different combinations.
14.(b) P 1	B1	P must be positioned strictly > 0 and < 0.25. C.A.O. Accept any indication for position of P.
Attempt to display any 3 or 4 in a common format. e.g. all decimals or all as percentages or all with a common denominator or calculation using a common value.	M1	Method mark is for the attempt. e.g. attempt to show any three as 0.25, 0.2(0), 0.28, 0.26. OR 25(%), 20(%), 28(%), 26(%) OR 25/100, 20/100, 28/100, 26/100 OR Say, 1/4×25=6.25,1/5×25=5,7/25×25=7,13/50×25=6.5
Three values accurate. 13/50 or equivalent AND all 4 correct.	A1 A1	C.A.O. SC1 for a 13/50 if no marks gained.
16.(a) $a + c + s + q = 360^{\circ}$	B1	
16.(b) a + b + c + d + e = 360° 17. An attempt to find the total of the four time periods. (Sum of time periods =)	B1 M1	Allow any convincing attempt. A total has to be found. e.g. sight of 18·16 or 18h 16min etc. Not enough to simply list e.g.5 20 + 2 44 + 6 18 + 4 34
18(hr) 56(min) OR 1136(min) ÷ 4	A1 m1	C.A.O. Allow 18·93()(hr) but mark final answer. FT for m1, only if 'their sum of time periods' is between 17h (1020min) and 21h (1260min) inclusive.
= 4 hours 44 minutes	A1	Allow FT A1 only if the sum of their time period is x hrs y min where x is not a multiple of 4 and y ≠ 0. OR the sum of their time period is t minutes, where t is not a multiple of 60. Sight of 284 (min) implies M1A1m1. Note 1: If time is incorrectly added as 'decimals'. 18·16 or 18h 16min is M1A0. Further work of 18·16 ÷ 4 = 4·54 (or 4h54m) is m1A0 BUT 18h 16m ÷ 4 = 4h 34m is m1A1 (FT)
		Note 2: Incorrect use of calculator. e.g. M1A0m1A0 for sight of 930⋅5(min) (From 320 + 164 + 378 + 274 ÷ 4)
Alternative method Attempt to add time periods as 'hours + min' 17hours (+) 116 minutes ÷ 4	M1 A1 m1	FT for m1, <u>only if</u> 'their sum of time periods' is between 17h (1020min) and 21h (1260min) inclusive.
4 hours 44 minutes	A1	

18. (Volume A =) $5 \times 5 \times 5$ (cm ³) OR (Volume B =) $4 \times 4 \times 5$ (cm ³)	M1	For use of Vol = $I \times b \times h$ with <u>either</u> A or B.
(Volume A =) 125 (cm 3) AND (Volume B =) 80 (cm 3)	A1	C.A.O. for both volumes. One correct implies previous M1.
(Volume of B as a percentage of the volume of A) $= 80 \times 100\%$ 125	M1	F.T. their derived volumes.
= 64(%)	A1	An answer of 64(%) gains all four marks.
		Allow marks if they work with base areas (as heights are equal).
Alternative method		
(Where 125 cm³ and 80 cm³ not shown.)		
$5 \times 5 \times 5$ (cm ³) OR $4 \times 4 \times 5$ (cm ³)	M1	
<u>4 × 4 × 5</u> (×100%)	M2	
5×5×5		
= 64(%)	A1	
19. $3(4x - 7) = 27$ or equivalent	M1	M1 for $4x - 7 = 27/3$
4x = 16 or $12x = 48$ or equivalent $x = 4$	A1	FT from ax = b.
X = 4	A1	Allow 3 marks for embedded answer BUT
		Only two marks if contradicted by ' $x \neq 4$ '.
		Only two marks ii contradicted by X 7 4.
		Unsupported answer of $x = 4$ gains all three marks.
		If no marks gained allow SC1 for sight of 9.
20.(a) 1 - 0·36 - 0·12 - 0·24	M1	Jan 2 2 2 2 2 3 2 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3 2 3
= 0.28	A1	
20.(b) 522 × ⅓ or equivalent	M1	
(e.g. $522 \div 0.36 \times 0.12$)		
= 174	A1	